

Y9 History - CURRICULUM PLANNING SEQUENCE

Subject	Year	Big Idea	Topic	Sub topic	Content		
History	Year 9	Term 1 - 21 hrs	KS3:Challenges for Britain, Europe and the wider world 1901 to the present day	Democracy, dictatorship and war	Introduction to History	Themes and skills	
					The Russian Revolution and Stalin	Russian Revolution and life under communism.	
					Democracies	Democratic systems in the UK, USA and Weimar Germany. The challenges faced in the 1930s.	
					The rise of the dictators	The nature of dictatorship and the rise of the dictators in Europe in the 1930s	
					The Challenge of 1940	Challenges to the UK in 1940; Dunkirk and the Battle of Britain.	
					The Second World War on the Eastern Front	Barbarossa; conditions in WW2 in the Soviet Union; Soviet victory	
					The atomic bombs and their impact	The bombing of Hiroshima and Nagasaki, and short-term, long-term impact.	
					The Holocaust	The nature and course of the holocaust	
					The Cold War	The origins of the Cold War and case study of the Berlin airlift	
		Term 2 - 18 hrs	Migration to Britain c1250-present	Migration to Britain 1	Migration to Britain before c16th		
				Migration to Britain 2	C16th - C19th Century Migration to Britain		
				Migration to Britain 3	Twentieth Century migration to Britain 1		
				Migration to Britain 4	Twentieth Century migration to Britain 2		
			1:Life and government in England 1189-1216	1.1 The Feudal System	The feudal hierarchy and the nature of feudalism. The role and influence of the church		
				1.2 Kingship and succession	The nature of kingship: duties, rights, rituals, displays. Richard as King, John as King		
				1.3 Royal Government and finances	How England was governed Royal revenues:		
				1.4 English Society	Peasant life, town life, Jews in England		
			2:Involvement overseas 1189-1204	2.1 The nature of crusading?	The concept of crusade;causes of the Third Crusade. nature of the English crusading army. Attitudes in England		
				2.2 Richard, the crusader King?	Richard's motives;his quarrel with Philip II. Richards's military victories; Failure to recapture Jerusalem.		
				2.3 Aftermath of the crusade?	Richards return from the Holy Land. Richard's capture, the ransom and its burden on England		
				2.4 Richard, John and the loss of Normandy	The competing aims of Richard and John and Phillip II in Normandy.Richard and Chateau Gaillard: its cost and importance. The loss of Normandy		
			3.King John's downfall 1204-1216	3.1 The dispute with the papacy?	Causes of the dispute. The Interdict and its impact on everyday life. The significance of the reconciliation between John and Innocent III.		
				3.2 Worsening relations with the barons	Financial impositions to raise money for war: taxation and 'fines'; the use of arbitrary power.Plot of 1212.Failure to regain Normandy in 1214.		
				3.3 Magna Carta and the First Barons' War	The rebellion of 1215: Runnymede and the main provisions of Magna Carta. The outbreak of war: the invasion of Prince Louis.		
				3.4 The Succession	The problem of the succession. The role of William Marshal as Protector. The condition of England by 1216.		
			Term 3 - 18 hrs	The Reigns of King Richard and King John, 1189-1216	1:Life and government in England 1189-1216	1.1 The Feudal System	The feudal hierarchy and the nature of feudalism. The role and influence of the church
						1.2 Kingship and succession	The nature of kingship: duties, rights, rituals, displays. Richard as King, John as King
		1.3 Royal Government and finances				How England was governed Royal revenues:	
		1.4 English Society				Peasant life, town life, Jews in England	
		2.1 The nature of crusading?				The concept of crusade;causes of the Third Crusade. nature of the English crusading army. Attitudes in England	
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